Jesus: Suffering, Yet Saving Isaiah 53:4-6 The Nature of the Atonement:

t is profoundly	
The sweetness of the gospel lies mostly in pronouns, [such] as me, my, thy – "Who loved m Himself for me", "Christ Jesus my Lord", "Son, be of good cheer, thy sins are forgiven thee" Luther)	'. (Martin
t displays as the ultimate demonstration of God's	
. God shows his love for us in that while we were still sinners, Christ died for us. (Romans 5	8)
t makes doxological, not merely theological	
lesus took what we deserve and freely gave us what only He deserves!	
t is of!	
– the man on the cross – is infinite in glory and goodness.	
– the price of every man's sin – is infinite in scope and duration.	
the price of every man 3 3m is my mice in scope and dandton.	
For What Did Christ Atone?	
s physical healing in the atonement?	
n what way is physical healing related to the atonement?	
The atonement is about from our and <i>ultimately</i> from	n sin's many
effects.	
But recognize this: The atonement is about, not, not, \[\]. \[\]	While there is
relief to be found in our salvation, to claim that Jesus dieis not at all what the scriptures teach – Ar	nd yet
The effects of sin include grief, sorrow, discord, and From those offers a reprieve. That's because	e, redemption
Dealing with the (the cause) <i>eventually</i> addresses every (the e	effects).
Remember: Disease is not a sin, but a of the total effect of sin i	
Disease has no penalty that must be atoned for. And disease does not hinder your relatellowship with God. Christ did not become "disease" for us; he became for us. Gal. 3:13; 1 Pet. 2:24; 1 John 3:5)	ionship/
Nhat about Matthew 8:14-17?	
Answer: Matthew 8 is to Isaiah 53 what Matthew 17 is to Revelation 19 – A! What about 1 Peter 2:21-24?	
Answer: Continue reading to 2:18-25 and discover that Peter is preparing us to not to be relieved of it.	nore suffering,
Conclusion: Physical healing is not the atonement but does come to God and for the atonement. Thru the atonement, we will be forever to God and for to God and for Him forever. (Psa. 73:24-26; Gal. 1:3-4; Col. 1:15-23; 1 Thess. 4:15-18)	
Our present bodies (we are degenerating and will die, barring will put on because Severy bad thing because Severy bad the Severy bad thing because Severy bad the Seve	His return)
This is a of the (1 Cor. 15:50-58; 2 Cor. 5:	1-4; Romans
3:23)	
For <i>Whom</i> Did Christ Atone?	
Nill all of Christ's purposes for sending Christ to die ultimately be fulfilled?	
What did God intend to accomplish thru the sacrifice of Jesus (and did He accomplish it?)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	then it must
f Christ's death was (a vicarious, penal satisfaction), necessarily also be uniquely to those He intends to save. (Did Jesus of the same sense he died for Peter? Or for Pharoah in the same sense as Paul?)	lie for Judas in
And while at no time is the gospel confined to any gender, ethnicity, nationality or class	of people.
and must be offered without to all (Isa 55:1; Matthew 11:28 Luke 24:47; Acts 3:19, 13:38-41, 17:17, 18:4, 19:8; 1 Cor. 9:19; 2 Cor 5:11, 20; Rev. 5:9)	-30; 28:19;
the scriptural terms for redemption are almost exclusively in r	
lesus died for "His people," for the "many," for His "sheep," for "the children of God," for indicate the children of God," for the church," and for "God's elect." (Matthew 1:21, 20:28, 26:28; John 10:1 Acts 20:28; Eph. 5:25-27; Heb. 9:15, 28; 1 Tim 4:10)	or "His
The atonement of Jesus was, not	
Conclusion: Christ's atonement was specific in its (God's people), was effort	ective
n its (As our substitute, He actually bore our sins on the cross), and	actually
what God intended it to do (justify many). The salvation of t Shepherd's sheep is certain!	116 0000
My Hope and Humbling in the Atonement:	
Ne can find of Christ for us. (For	: me)
Ne can be in the effective, saving work of Christ. He has	
We can be as we evangelize knowing that everyone who	
be and everyone for whom Jesus died be!	Dr. Paul Thompson December 3, 2023